

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
HOUSTON DIVISION

ENTERED

March 08, 2018

David J. Bradley, Clerk

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	§	
	§	
Plaintiff-Respondent,	§	
	§	
V.	§	CRIMINAL ACTION NO. H-93-0291
	§	CIVIL ACTION NO. H-16-1974
JESUS VALDEZ DUARTE (a/k/a Juan	§	
Jose Valdivia)	§	
	§	
Defendant-Movant.	§	

ORDER ADOPTING RECOMMENDATION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Pending is the Government's Response (Document No. 65) to Jesus Valdez Duarte's 28 U.S.C. § 2255 Motion to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence (Document No. 61). The Court has received from the Magistrate Judge a Memorandum and Recommendation recommending that Duarte's Motion to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence be DENIED and DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE. No objections have been filed to the Memorandum and Recommendation. The Court, after having made a *de novo* determination of the Government's Response, Duarte's § 2255 Motion, and the Magistrate Judge's Memorandum and Recommendation, is of the opinion that the findings and recommendations of the Magistrate Judge should be and hereby are accepted by the Court. Therefore,

It is ORDERED and ADJUDGED for the reasons set forth in the Memorandum and Recommendation of the United States Magistrate Judge signed on February 5, 2018, which is adopted in its entirety as the opinion of the Court, that Movant Jesus Valdez Duarte's § 2255

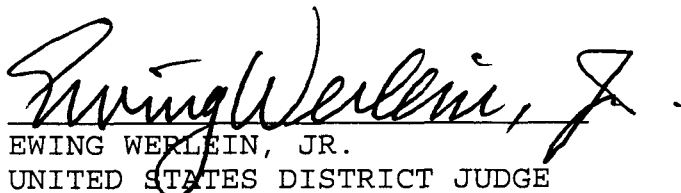
Motion to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence (Document No. 61) is DENIED and DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE. It is further

ORDERED that a certificate of appealability is DENIED. A certificate of appealability from a habeas corpus proceeding will not issue unless the petitioner makes "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). This standard "includes showing that reasonable jurists could debate whether (or, for that matter, agree that) the petition should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." Slack v. McDaniel, 120 S. Ct. 1595, 1603-1604 (2000) (internal quotations and citations omitted). Stated differently, where the claims have been dismissed on the merits, the petitioner "must demonstrate that reasonable jurists would find the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong." Id. at 1604; Beazley v. Johnson, 242 F.3d 248, 263 (5th Cir.), cert. denied, 122 S.Ct. 329 (2001). When the claims have been dismissed on procedural grounds, the petitioner must show that "jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the petition states a valid claim of the denial of constitutional right and that jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the district court was correct in its procedural ruling." Slack, 120 S. Ct. at 1604. A district court may deny a certificate of appealability *sua sponte*, without requiring further briefing or argument. Alexander v. Johnson, 211 F.3d 895, 898 (5th Cir. 2000).

For the reasons set forth in the Memorandum and Recommendation, which has been adopted, as the opinion of the Court, the Court determines that reasonable jurists would not find debatable the substantive determination made herein. Thus, a certificate of appealability is DENIED.

The Clerk will enter this Order and send copies to all parties of record.

Signed at Houston, Texas this 7th day of March, 2018.


EWING WERLEIN, JR.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE